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OFFICE MOVE



Lift Safely: Bend at the knees lift with the legs



Ensure boxes/materials are not blocking egress route

Follow these steps when preparing for an office move:

- 1. Schedule enough time to pack over several days, avoid long packing sessions.
- 2. Get adequate rest, fatigue induces injury.
- 3. Identify items others will handle.
- 4. Plan so pathways will be open.
- 5. Order right sized boxes (small for heavy items)
- 6. Obtain a stepstool for over shoulder reaching.
- 7. Get a cart, if necessary, to position and move boxes.
- 8. Stage a recycling box for purged paper.
- 9. Use appropriate lifting and bending techniques: tighten your abdominal muscles and bend at the hips, maintaining the natural curves in your back; lift with your knees and not with your back; turn with your feet to prevent twisting your body.
- 10. Use proper carrying techniques: test item for reasonable weight-hold item close and waist high, keep view unobstructed by items.
- 11. Use proper packing techniques: use both hands; grip small amounts that are neither too heavy nor too awkward; bend at the hips when reaching; avoid over-reaching; use a step stool when reaching over shoulder height.
- 12. Spring clean. Do you really need to take it all with you?
- 13. Leave frequently used items until the end.
- 14. Label your boxes both for destination and for contents to aid unpacking.
- 15. Mark those boxes with items needed immediately after the move.
- 16. Let movers handle items they are scheduled to move.
- 17. Keep pathways clear in and near your office.
- 18. Pack from the top down and unpack from the bottom up to keep cabinets stabilized.
- 19. Use a cart or dolly, or have co-workers help move heavier items.
- 20. If filled boxes would be too heavy, only partially fill boxes.
- 21. Place packed boxes in a location that will minimize bending and twisting.
- 22. Take breaks and use several shorter packing periods during the day. Mix packing with other activities.
- 23. Spread unpacking over several days and take breaks.

Potential Hazards:

- <u>Strains and Overexertion</u> Always use proper lifting techniques.
- Slips, Trips & Falls Ensure pathways are free of obstructions



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